

# Rationale for the Program—The 100km View

To facilitate maturation of cross-cutting space technologies for NASA's **Space Technology Program . . .** 

while achieving a goal of the National SpacePolicy\* to "Encourage and Facilitate" the growth of theU.S. commercial space industry

<sup>\*</sup> http://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/default/files/national\_space\_policy\_6-28-10.pdf

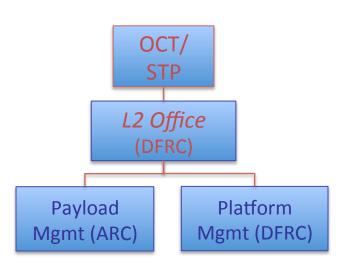
### Rationale for the Program—The 30km View . .



- Utilize commercial suborbital flight supply to advance crosscutting space technologies
- Program Goals
  - Facilitate the maturation of technology payloads to higher TRL's through flights in relevant environments
  - Foster growth in the emerging commercial suborbital platform industry
  - Fly early, Fly often. Bridge the gap between testing space technology in a laboratory environment and demonstrating it in a mission-relevant operational environment

#### Implementation

- Established under the OCT/Space Technology Program
- Managed by DFRC
  - 60+ years of high-speed, rocket-powered suborbital flight
  - Proven Airworthiness and Flight Safety Review process



### Where Do Flights Come From? . . .



- The emerging commercial suborbital transportation industry (primary)
  - NASA suborbital program platforms (if required)
- Late Spring 2011, solicited proposals for flight and payload integration from commercial reusable space industry
  - Selected seven commercial providers in Aug 2012
    - Armadillo Aerospace, Heath, Texas
    - Near Space Corporation, Tillamook, Ore.
    - Masten Space Systems, Mojave, Calif.
    - Up Aerospace Inc., Highlands Ranch, Colo.
    - Virgin Galactic, Mojave, Calif.
    - Whittinghill Aerospace LLC, Camarillo, Calif.
    - · XCOR, Mojave, Calif.
- Utilize the Zero-G Corp parabolic platform through JSC's Reduced Gravity Office
- Commercial Vertical Testbed (CVTB) development
  - Draper Labs, Cambridge, MA, tasked in Sept 2011 to rapidly develop a VTVL vehicle capability to allow for quick integration and demonstration of landing technologies





### Nominal Platform Accommodations



Specification	Zero-G	Up Aerospace	Near Space	Masten Space Systems	Virgin Galactic
Vehicle Name & Type	<b>G-Force One</b> Parabolic Aircraft	SpaceLoft XL VTHL sRLV	Hi-Alt Balloons - Small/Nano - Shuttle (HASS)	Xaero VTVL sRLV	SpaceShip Two HTHL sRLV
Altitude & Flt. Frequency	11 km 40 cycles/sortie 3-4 days/wk	115 km Freq = TBD	35 km Freq = TBD	115 km Freq > daily	115 km Freq > daily
Launch Site	Ellington Field, Houston, TX	Spaceport America, NM	Tillamook, OR	Mojave Air & Spaceport, CA	Spaceport America, NM
Micro-g Environ	20 sec/cycle followed by 2g	4 min	N/A	4 min, <0.001 g	4 min, TBD
Payload Mass & Vol	> 100 kg > 27 cu ft 3-4 people	36 kg total Multiple PLs in cannisters	10 kg or 1 kg	10 kg at 30 km	600 kg 14 m³ in 19" Racks
Power	28 vdc, 110vac	3.7 to 32 vdc	See PUG	12 or 24 vdc	See PUG

https://flightopportunities.nasa.gov/platforms/

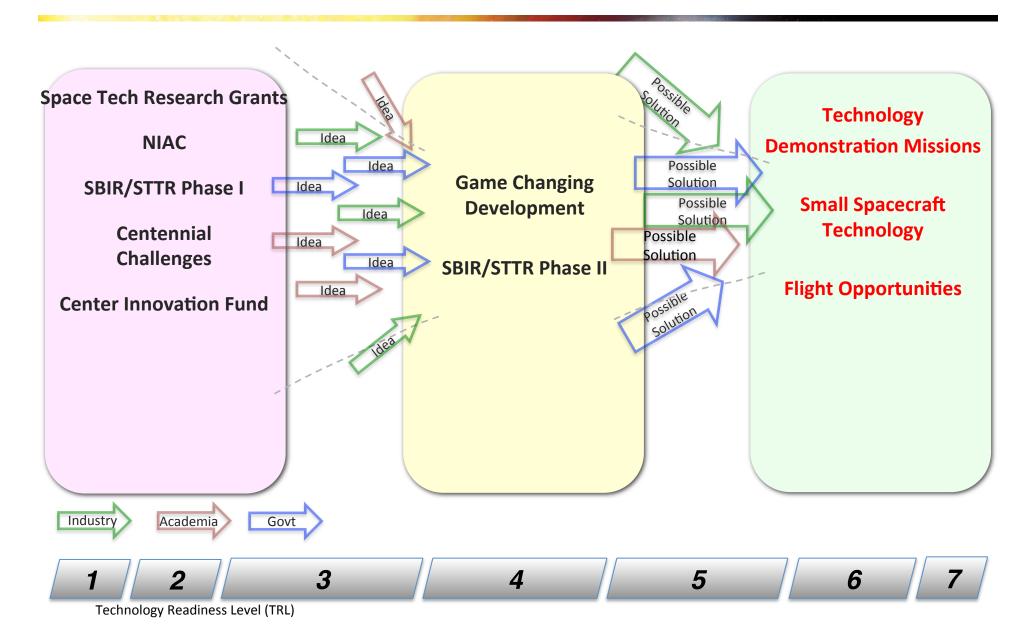
# Where do Payloads Come From?..

- 1. Linkage to one of the Space Technology programs
- 2. The Announcement of Flight Opportunities (AFO)
- 3. The Game-Changing Development Program NASA Research Announcement (NRA)
- 4. Advocacy on behalf of a NASA Mission Directorate or other government agency

Payloads come from YOU!

### 1. Linkage to NASA's Space Technology Program





### 2. Announcement of Flight Opportunities (AFO) . . .



- Released on December 21, 2010
- Open Call until December 31, 2014
  - Hosted on NSPIRES
  - http://flightopportunities.nasa.gov/afo
  - Evaluation criteria
    - Broad Applicability
    - Maturation Plan & Flight Test Objectives
    - Technology Readiness
    - Benefit to NASA
    - Payload Readiness for Flight
    - Experience of team
  - Awarded as unfunded Space Act Agreements or MOA's periodically (~3 to 4 times/year)

# 3. Game-Changing Development Program's NASA Research Announcement



#### NRA Drivers

- "Prime the Pump" to ensure technology payloads are available as sRLV flights come online
- Promote suborbital research through enhanced capabilities on commercial platforms
- Two Topic Areas:
  - Topic 1: Payload Development for Space Technologies
    - TA02, TA03, TA08, TA09, TA12, and TA14
  - Topic 2: Engineering and Integration Demonstrations
    - Capability Enhancements and Onboard Research Facilities for Payload Accommodation
    - TA01, TA06, TA08, TA12
- 14 Awards Made totaling \$3.5M

One More Round of the NRA Planned for FY'13

	AFO#	Released	Closed	Selection	# Proposals received	# Proposals selected
	Internal/ directed	-	-	-	-	3 1 parabolic + sRLV 2 sRLV
	AFO 1	Dec 21, 2010	Feb 23, 2011	May 13, 2011	23 17 parabolic 4 sRLV 2 parabolic + sRLV	16 12 parabolic 2 sRLV 2 parabolic + sRLV
	AFO 2	June 6, 2011	June 28, 2011	Oct 4, 2011	<ul><li>11</li><li>5 parabolic</li><li>5 sRLV</li><li>1 parabolic + sRLV</li></ul>	9 4 parabolic 4 sRLV 1 parabolic + sRLV
	AFO 3	Nov 16, 2011	Dec 16, 2011	Mar 23, 2012	35 23 parabolic 7 sRLV 3 balloon 1 balloon + sRLV 1 parabolic + sRLV	24 16 parabolic 5 sRLV 2 balloon 1 balloon + sRLV
	AFO 4	April 4, 2012	May 11, 2012	Aug 14, 2012	5 4 sRLV 1 balloon	2 1 sRLV 1 balloon
	AFO5	Aug 10, 2012	Sept 21, 2012	November 2012	ТВА	ТВА
	GCD NRA	Feb 10, 2012	March 26, 2012	July 2, 201	<b>40</b> 40 sRLV	<b>14</b> 14 sRLV
	TOTAL TO DATE				114	68

#### 4. NASA Mission Directorates . . .



- Direct Advocacy from the Mission Directorate to STP
- Through Mission Directorate calls
  - NASA SMD's Research Opportunities in Space and Earth Sciences (ROSES)
  - NASA SMD's Hands On Project Experience (HOPE)
  - NASA SMD's Undergraduate Student Instrument Project (USIP)
  - NASA HEOMD Human Research Program NRA NNJ12ZSA002N
    - Crew Health and Performance in Space Exploration Missions (issued July 30, 2012)

### Questions?





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http://flightopportunities.nasa.gov

# **Backup Charts**



# Zero-G Corp (commercial aircraft)



- Parabolic flight campaigns flown 4x/year
- 20 sec/parabolas at micro-g, lunar-g, mars-g, 40 parabolas/day, 4 days/campaign, pressurized
- Payloads can be large, human-tended (3-4/team), but need to fit thru loading door w forklift



## Masten Space Systems (Xaero)



- 12kg mass payload
- ~20 km average altitude based on payload mass
- Target is 100 km
- VTVL guided rocket
- Payloads must be self-contained, automated
- Pressure sealed



# Near Space Corp (3 Types)



- Nano Balloon System (NBS): 1kg
- Small Balloon System (SBS): 10 kg
- Hi-Alt Shuttle System (HASS): 10 kg
  - Auto-glide from altitude to GPS waypoint
- 30-35 km altitude, unpressurized
- Up to 6 hr duration float at altitude
- Payloads automated
- Flight opportunities available now





## UP Aerospace (Spaceloft)



- 36 kg to 115km
- Payloads fit in provided cylindrical payload canisters which stack
- Ballistic trajectory
- Can provide power and trigger signals to payloads
- Payloads automated
- Flight opportunities available now
- Unpressurized



# Virgin Galactic (SpaceShip Two)



- 100+ km altitude, payloads mostly automated, payload compartment is pressurized
- 3+ minutes of micro-g, lunar or mars-g
- Flight in summer 2013 (approximate)

